Audit Program presentation

Outline:

- Introduction and overview FW
- LSBC audit and investigations programs Jeanette McPhee and Gurprit Bains
- LSO Practice review program Jim Varro
- Additional information Brenda Grimes and Sylvie Champagne
- Much info to cover; we may not get to everything; if that is the case we would be happy to continue presentation at a future meeting

Overview:

- Law societies in Canada use a variety of tools to monitor compliance with and enforce antimoney laundering regulations – these include annual reports, trust and practice audits, investigations and disciplinary proceedings
- All law societies in Canada have the authority under their enabling statutes and their rules or bylaws to audit law firms
- Most also have the power to conduct a practice review or practice audit a review that looks beyond financial records
- Even those jurisdictions without specific practice review rules, have for years interpreted and applied their audit powers as extending to non-financial records
- Audits and practice reviews are an essential element in the programs that monitor compliance with law society anti-money laundering rules
- Jeanette will give you a detailed overview of the audit program in British Columbia this is intended as an example of how these programs work each provincial and territorial law society has its own program, but they are generally consistent in combing random and targeted (risk-based) audits that look at both financial and non-financial records in law societies
- The cycle of random audits varies somewhat the Law Society of Newfoundland and Labrador for example audits every law firm in the province at least once every two years
- The cycle of random audits in the larger jurisdictions is longer between every three and six years but those law societies generally have very sophisticated programs, some including data analytics, that allow them to target audit resources based on risk
- The Federation's AMLTF Working Group prepared and distributed a best practices guide for monitoring compliance with and enforcing the law society AML rules – started by surveying all law societies so have a very good sense of methods used – also consulted FATF guidance, FINTRAC guidance and organizations such as SRA
- Work plan of AMLTF Working Group includes work on monitoring law society enforcement of rules, data collection etc.